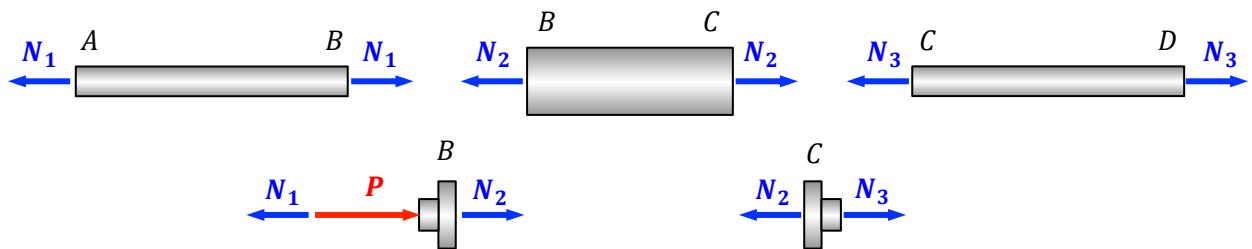
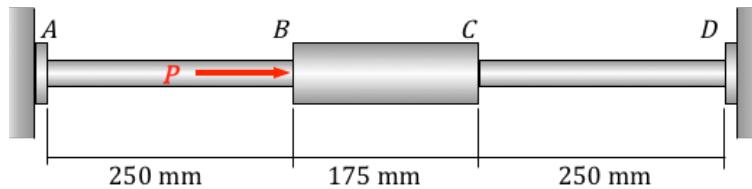


Problema 1 (3,0 pontos).



$$N_1 - N_2 = P$$

$$N_2 - N_3 = 0$$

$$u_B - u_A = C_1 N_1, \quad C_1 = L_1 / E_1 A_1$$

$$u_C - u_B = C_2 N_2, \quad C_2 = L_2 / E_2 A_2$$

$$u_D - u_C = C_3 N_3, \quad C_3 = L_3 / E_3 A_3$$

$$C_1 = C_3 = 2,50 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m/N}$$

$$C_2 = 1,25 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m/N}$$

$$u_A = u_D = 0$$

$$-C_3 N_3 - C_1 N_1 = C_2 N_2$$

$$N_1 = \frac{C_2 + C_3}{C_1 + C_2 + C_3} P = 60 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_2 = N_3 = -\frac{C_1}{C_2 + C_3} N_1 = -\frac{C_1}{C_1 + C_2 + C_3} P = -40 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sigma^{(1)} = \frac{N_1}{A_1} = 120 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma^{(2)} = \frac{N_2}{A_2} = -57,1 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma^{(3)} = \frac{N_3}{A_3} = -80,0 \text{ MPa}$$

Problema 2 (2,0 pontos).

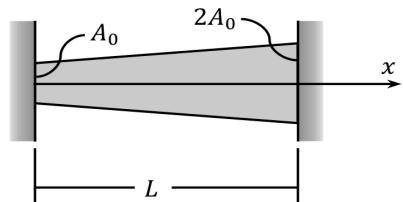
$$\frac{dN}{dx} = 0 \Rightarrow N = \text{cte.}$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = \frac{N}{EA(x)} + \alpha \Delta T, \quad A(x) = \frac{A_0}{L} (L + x)$$

$$u(L) - u(0) = \frac{NL}{EA_0} \int_0^L \frac{dx}{L+x} + \alpha L \Delta T = \frac{NL}{EA_0} \ln(2) + \alpha L \Delta T = 0$$

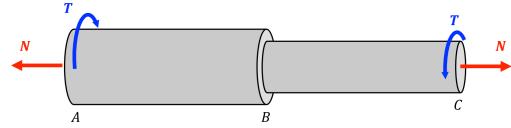
$$N = -\frac{\alpha EA_0 \Delta T}{\ln(2)} = -1,44 \alpha EA_0 \Delta T$$

$$\max\{|\sigma_{xx}| \} = \frac{|N|}{\min\{A(x)\}} = \frac{\alpha E \Delta T}{\ln(2)}$$



Problema 3 (3,0 pontos).

(a) Segmento AB



$$\sigma_{xx} = \frac{N}{A_1} = 78,4 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{x\theta} = \frac{D_1 T}{2 J_1} = 47,0 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{\theta\theta} = 0$$

$$\sigma_m = \frac{\sigma_{xx} + \sigma_{\theta\theta}}{2} = 39,2 \text{ MPa}$$

$$R = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_{xx} - \sigma_{\theta\theta}}{2}\right)^2 - \sigma_{x\theta}^2} = 61,2 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_1 = \sigma_I = \sigma_m + R = 100 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_2 = 0$$

$$\sigma_3 = \sigma_{II} = \sigma_m - R = -22,0 \text{ MPa}$$

(a) Segmento BC

$$\sigma_{xx} = \frac{N}{A_2} = 122 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{x\theta} = \frac{D_2 T}{2 J_2} = 163 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{\theta\theta} = 0$$

$$\sigma_m = \frac{\sigma_{xx} + \sigma_{\theta\theta}}{2} = 61,1 \text{ MPa}$$

$$R = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_{xx} - \sigma_{\theta\theta}}{2}\right)^2 - \sigma_{x\theta}^2} = 174 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_1 = \sigma_I = \sigma_m + R = 235 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_2 = 0$$

$$\sigma_3 = \sigma_{II} = \sigma_m - R = -113 \text{ MPa}$$

Problema 4 (2,0 pontos).

$$(a) \quad [\sigma] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \tau & 0 \\ \tau & 0 & -\tau \\ 0 & -\tau & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(b) \quad [\sigma] = \begin{bmatrix} s/2 & s/2 & 0 \\ s/2 & s/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & s \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} -\lambda & \tau & 0 \\ \tau & -\lambda & -\tau \\ 0 & -\tau & -\lambda \end{pmatrix} = -\lambda^3 + 2\tau^2\lambda = 0$$

$$\sigma_1 = \tau\sqrt{2}, \quad \sigma_2 = 0, \quad e \quad \sigma_3 = -\tau\sqrt{2}$$

No plano xy:

$$\sigma_m = \frac{\sigma_{xx} + \sigma_{yy}}{2} = s/2$$

$$R = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_{xx} - \sigma_{yy}}{2}\right)^2 - \sigma_{xy}^2} = s/2$$

$$\sigma_I = \sigma_m + R = s$$

$$\sigma_{II} = \sigma_m - R = 0$$

Logo

$$\sigma_1 = \sigma_I = s, \quad \sigma_2 = \sigma_{xx} = s, \quad e \quad \sigma_3 = \sigma_{II} = 0$$